



Generalitat de Catalunya
Departament de Salut



Agència de Qualitat
i Avaluació Sanitàries de Catalunya

Engaging stakeholders in a participatory research impact strategies

Paula Adam

Director of Research, Agency for Health Quality and Assessment of
Catalonia

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Outline

- International learnings on research impact
- Spanish and Catalan context
- Theory of change in the Catalan ecosystem
- Setting an impact agenda at a Catalan level (RIACAT)
- Impact strategy for Health Research in Catalonia (SARIS)
- Learnings and recommendations

Key messages

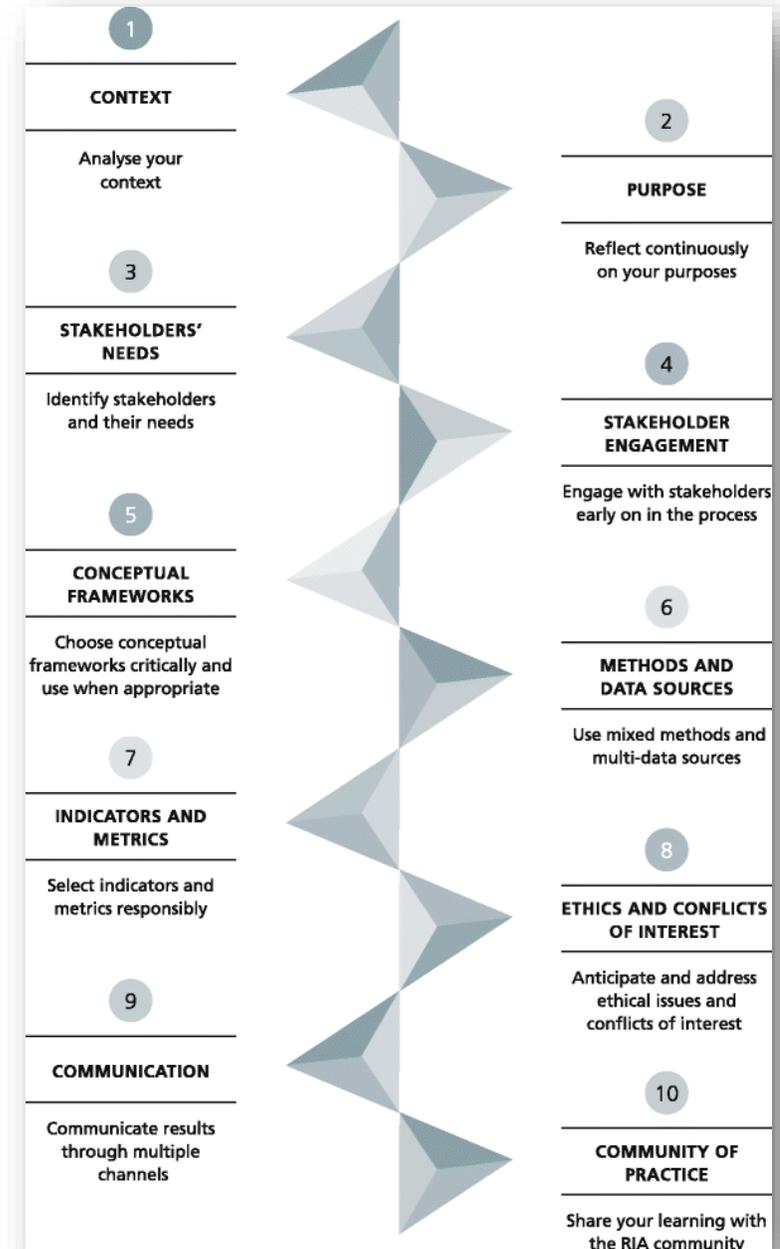
- When designing impact strategies it is important to:
 - Make the implicit changes explicit
 - Understanding the context, the stakeholders challenges
 - Raise awareness of the need
 - Involving / engaging stakeholders (to be in the same page)
- Need to give practical tools to stakeholders
- Examples from Catalonia:
 - Region level: RIACAT Group
 - Health sciences: SARIS system

ISRIA-statement

1. Analyse and understand the context
2. Understand your purpose
3. Reflect continuously on the purpose of your strategy
4. Identify stakeholders and their needs
5. Engage with stakeholders early on in the process
7. Use indicators responsibly, never let indicators talk alone –use triangulation

ISRIA Statement: ten-point guidelines for an effective process of research impact

Assessment, Adam P, Ovseiko P, Grant J, Graham K, et al *Research Policy and Systems*, 2018



Engagement

1. Understanding **(and shaping)** the context

3. Identify stakeholders and their needs

Stakeholders' mapping includes change-divers and impact enablers

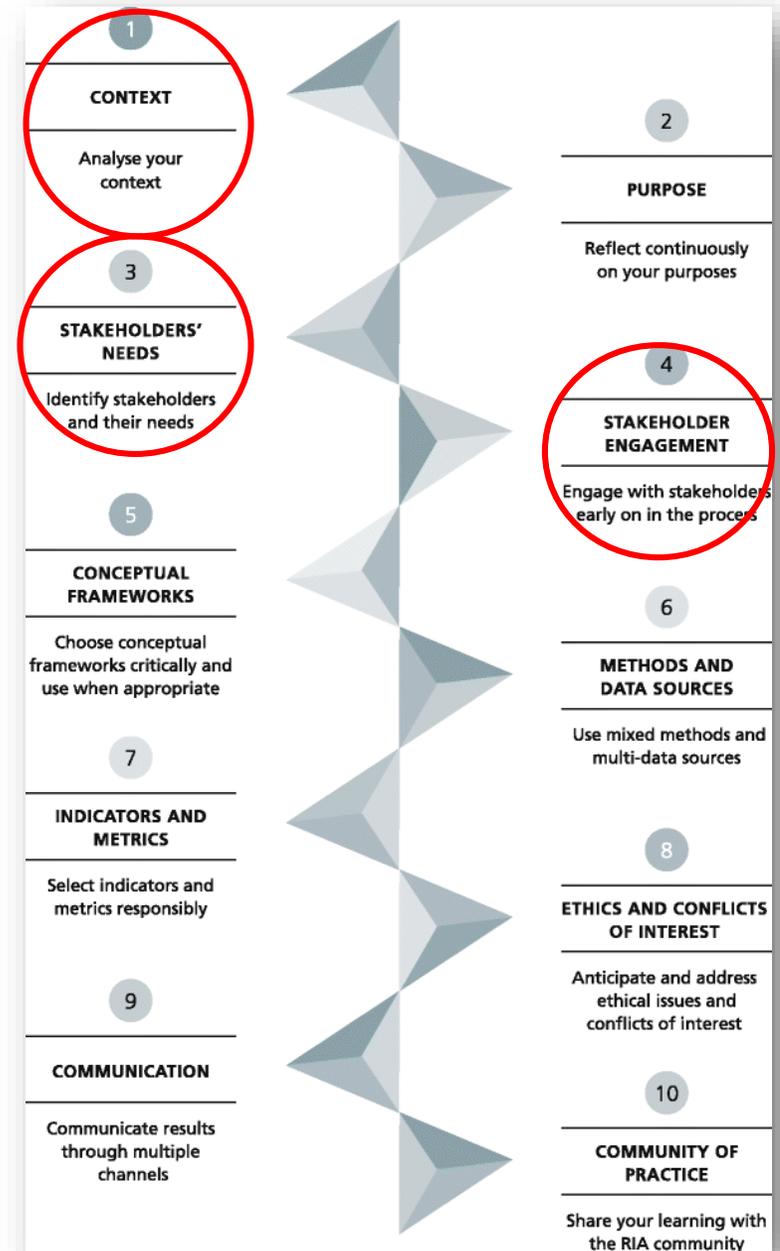
Involve influencers before the research process occurs (training, motivation, etc)

4. Stakeholders engagement

Create relationships of trust, generate the need, show the benefit and anticipate resistances

Change management needs to be planned in anticipation.

Don't let the change go alone –be supportive, anticipate, acknowledge the challenges and provide tools to make it through



Spanish and Catalan context

- Scientific excellence-centered policy (and indicators)
- Uncertain political context and austerity measures
- Reactive, rather than pro-active tendency when it comes to new visions of science (RRI, Open Science, Impact, Integrity, Waste, etc.)
- Need to make the case for a pro-active orientation to impact in R+D policy



Why a research impact strategy?

Social contract of science and society

- Open science
- Responsible research and innovation
- Defined strategies
- Public investment (value for money)
- Co-responsibility
- Contribute to a better world
- Legitimacy

Practical reasons

- Funding agencies are increasingly interested in impact

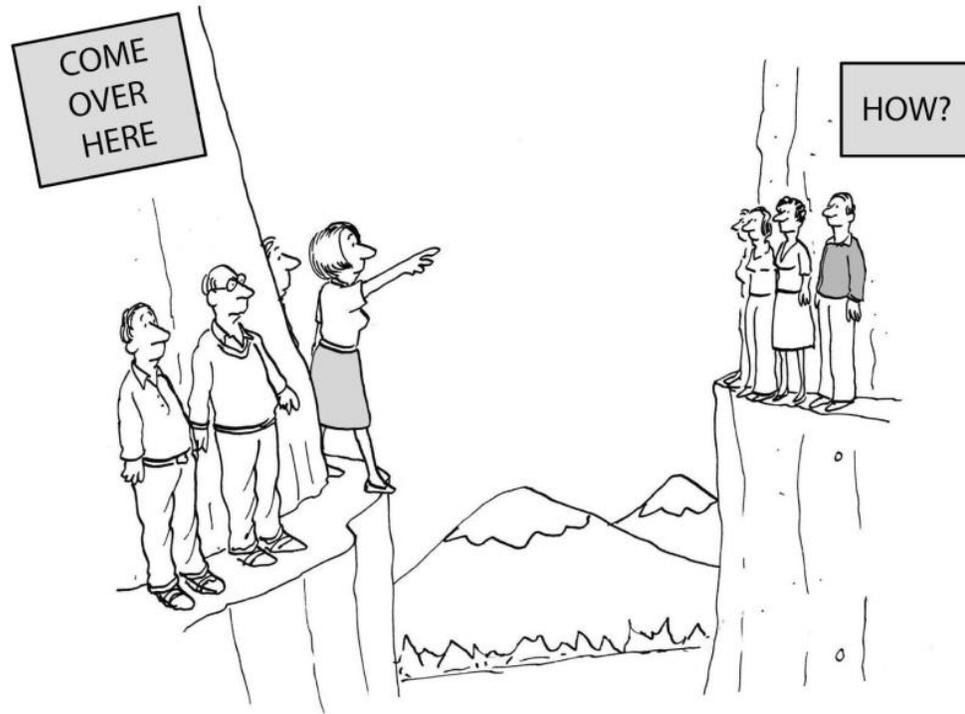


What is needed?

Key stakeholders need to think one extra mile

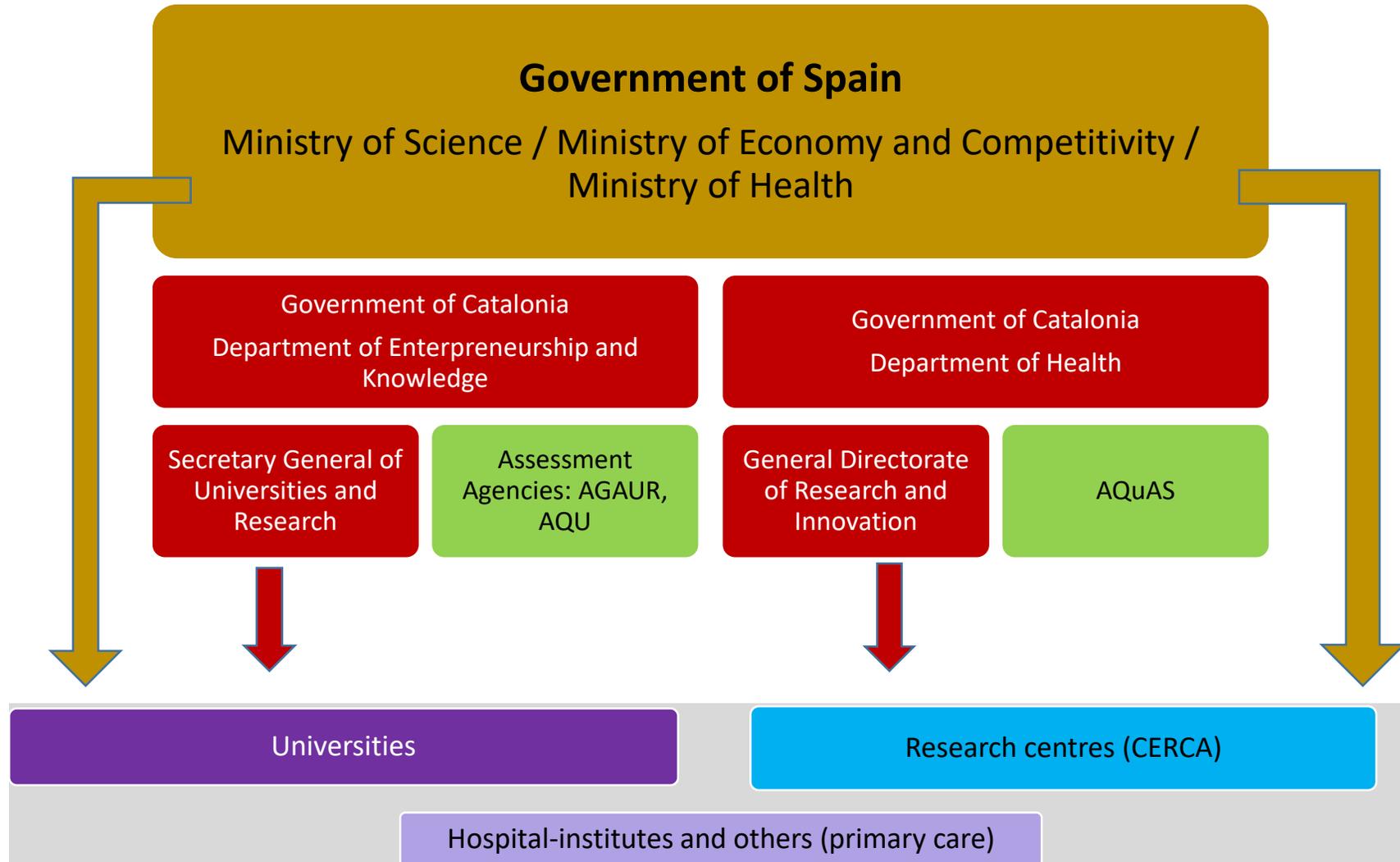


Theory of change: engaging stakeholders



Strategy implementation:
Who to engage?
how to engage?

Spanish and Catalan research system and stakeholders



Ongoing approaches to impact in Catalonia



RIACAT

- All sciences
- Shared agenda across policy-makers and assessment agencies
- Prepare / train researchers, universities and centres
- Early stages



SARIS

- Biomedical research
- Linked to a funding programme
- Stakeholder engagement in the center
- Lagging assessment combined with transformative assessment ('responsible Assessment')

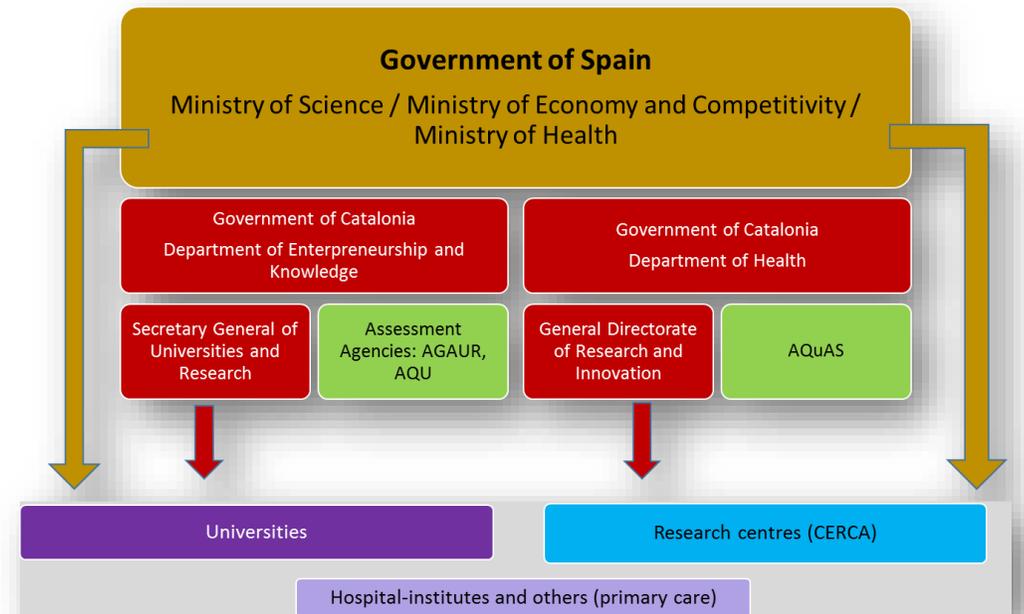
RIACAT – Participative research impact agenda for Catalonia

Objectives (for a change)

- To raise awareness of the need for an impact agenda for Catalonia
- To co-design the impact agenda for Catalonia
- To raise capacity among stakeholders

RIACAT agenda

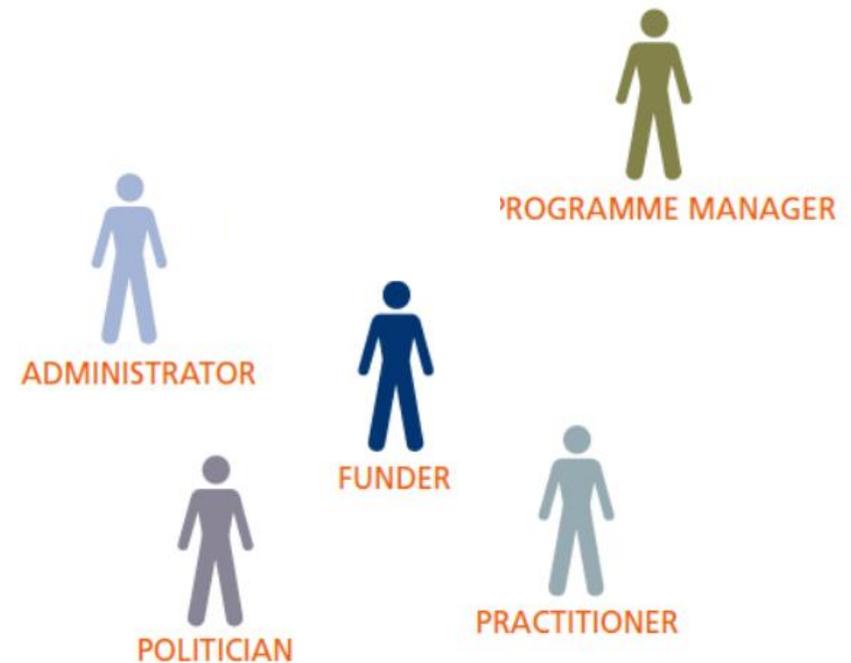
1. Involve research planners and assessment agencies (2018)
2. Involve research –doers (2019)
3. Elaborate the tool



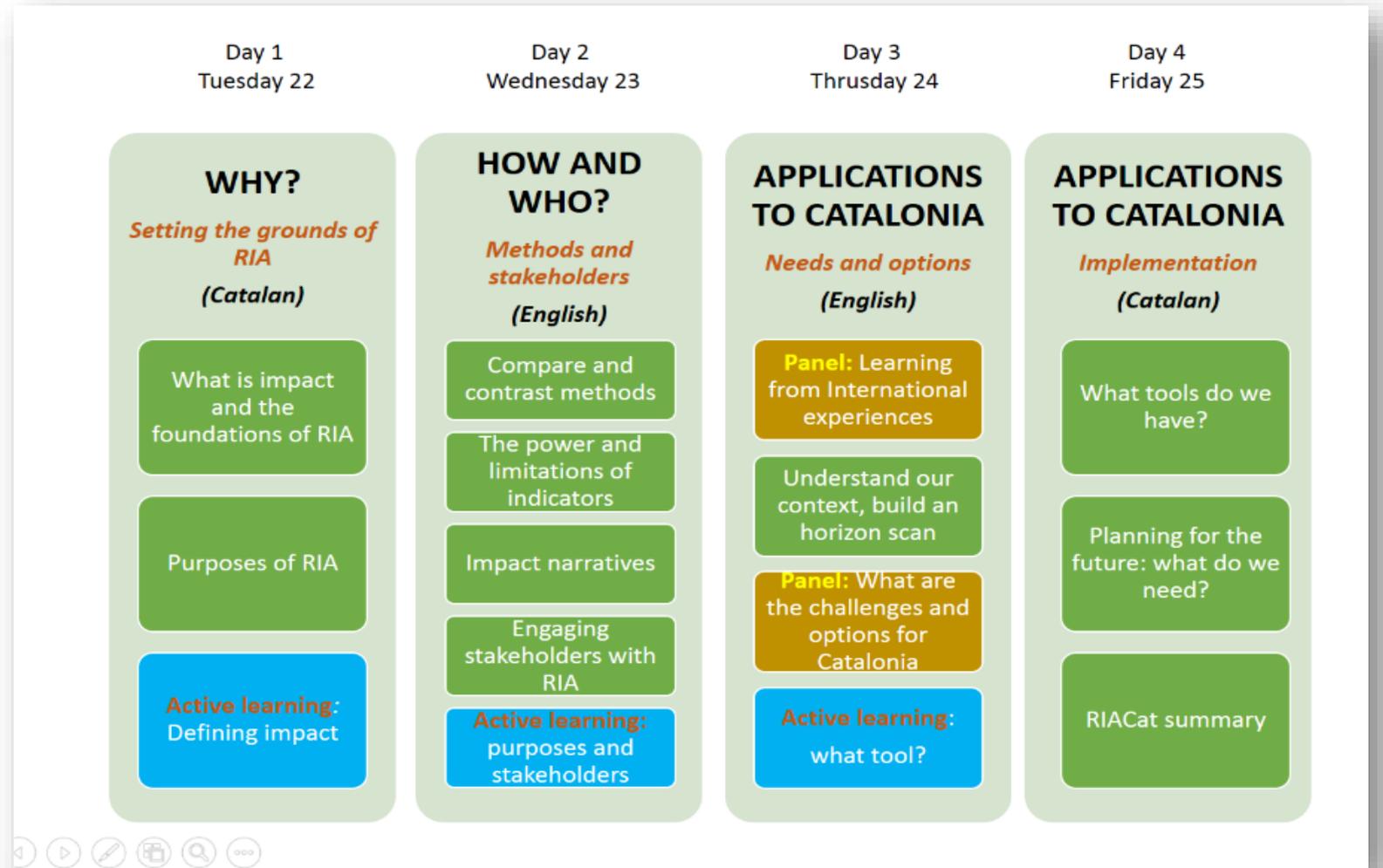
Group RIACAT 2018

With research planners and assessment agencies

- Put the stakeholders in the same page
- Identify needs and challenges
- Identify the PURPOSE
- Identify the best method



RIACAT Seminar 2018



The International School
on Research Impact Assessment

www.theinternationalschoolonria.com

RIACAT Seminar: co-creation of an agenda

- Training based on materials from ISRIA (International School on Research Impact Assessment)
- Lessons from other International experiences
- Participatory outcomes:
 - Elaborate an Horizon Scan to understand the future
 - Elaborate a PESTLE analysis to understand the current context
 - Discussion on barriers and facilitators for an impact agenda
 - Elaborate a DEFINITION of impact for Catalonia

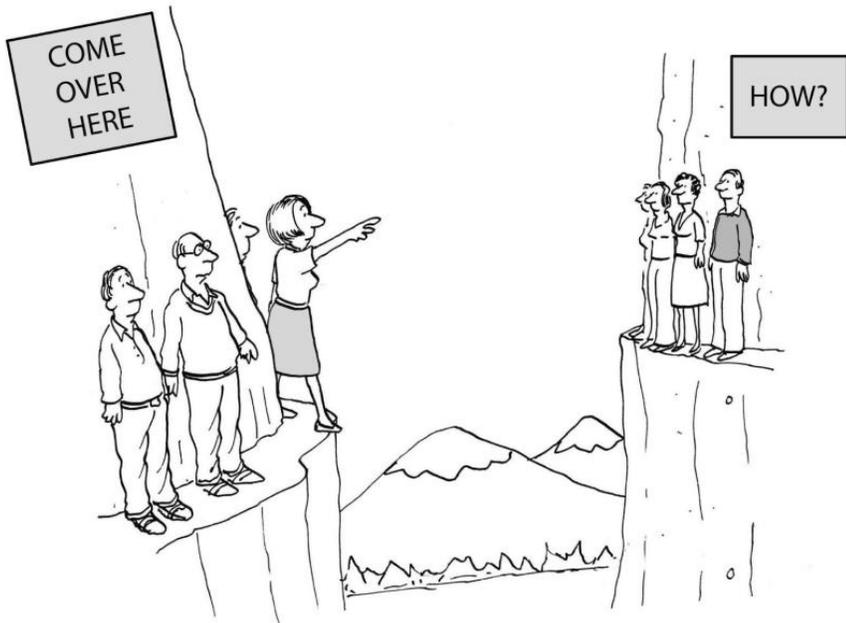
Impact narratives: why being adopted in different contexts

- Address the 4 As (accountability, advocacy, analysis and allocation)
- Address many methodological challenges
- Address the FUTURE needs of many stakeholders
 - Powerful messages for policy makers and researchers
 - Illustrative for society
 - Oriented to new leaderships
 - Transformative for researchers
 - Sound support for policy-making
 - Empowers centers: Communication units
 - Readiness for being competitive in Horizon Europe
 - Sound support for cultural change for researchers

Impact Narrative Templates



Implementation strategies: lessons learned



	UK (REF)	Norway	Sweden
	<i>Think big, start big, act slow</i>	<i>Think big, start small, act fast</i>	<i>No clear strategy</i>
Approach			
Strategy	Very ambitious project with wide reach, systemic and across disciplines	Project of modest dimensions but with wide long term vision, combined with a thoughtful change management	Individual agendas, politisation and changes mid-way with insufficient justifications
Level	Public universities	Centres	Centres
Area of knowledge	All scientific disciplines	Humanities (progressively in other sciences)	Medical sciences
Change management			
Change in the assessment area	Large effort in developing and preparing an assessment system	Started small, also in the assessment approach	Change of approach in mid way
Change in the scientific community	Lower effort	Big effort. Solid, consistent and credible message to research community	Contradictory messages. Confusion generated
GLOBAL OUTCOME			
Global outcome	Successful assessment. Resistances from the research community Participative design for 2021	Successful assessment. Continuity ensured. Research community cooperative	Frustration and resistances

UK REF:

Think big, start big, act slow



Approach

- All universities
- All sciences



Change management

- Great effort on the assessment part
- Less effort on the cultural change for researchers



Outcome

- Assessment success
- Great complexity
- Strong resistances



Sweden: No clear strategy



Approach

- Centers
- Medical sciences



Change management

- Changes during the process
- Contradictory messages to the research community

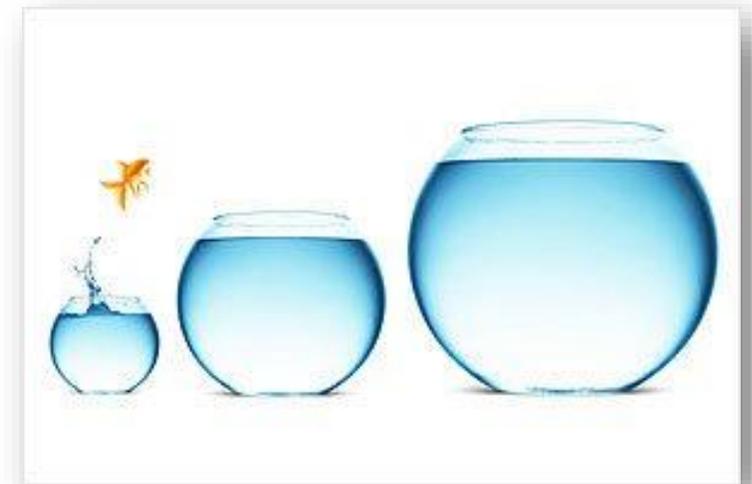
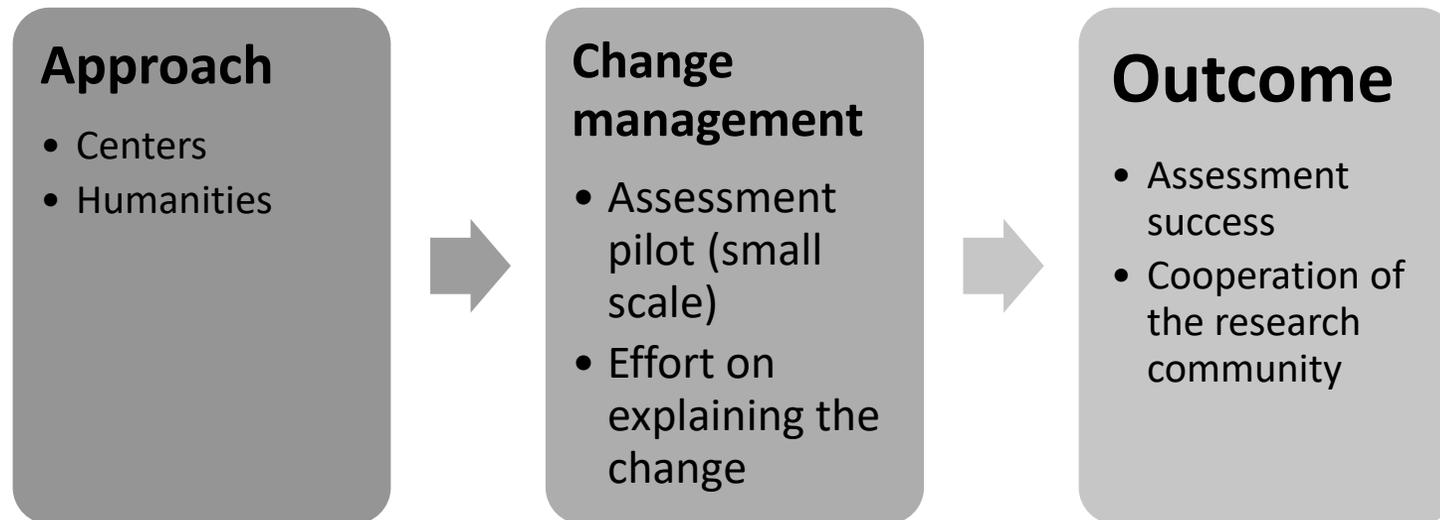


Outcome

- Assessment failure
- Resistances



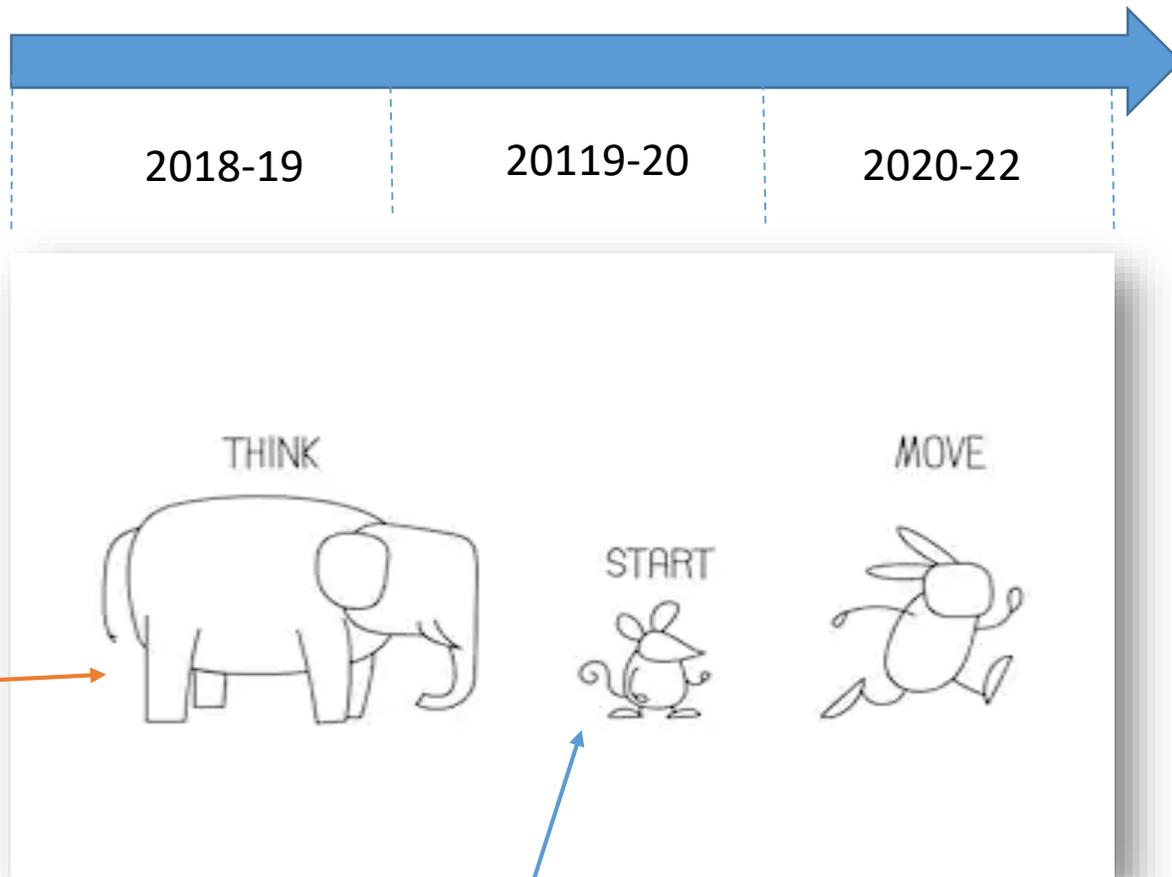
Norway:
Think big, start small, take your time
before start, act fast



Take your time before starting

RIACAT next steps

- Involve the scientific community
- Second RIACAT Seminar the research community
 - Directors / Deans / etc
 - Researchers
 - Communication units
 - Engagement units



Systemic vision

Involve the scientific community ‘on board’:

Definition of impact: consensus

Systemic approach

Clear purpose

Clear definition of assessment criteria

Systemic capacity

Planning the change

Coordinated agenda

Pilot

CERCA centers

‘Take your time before starting’

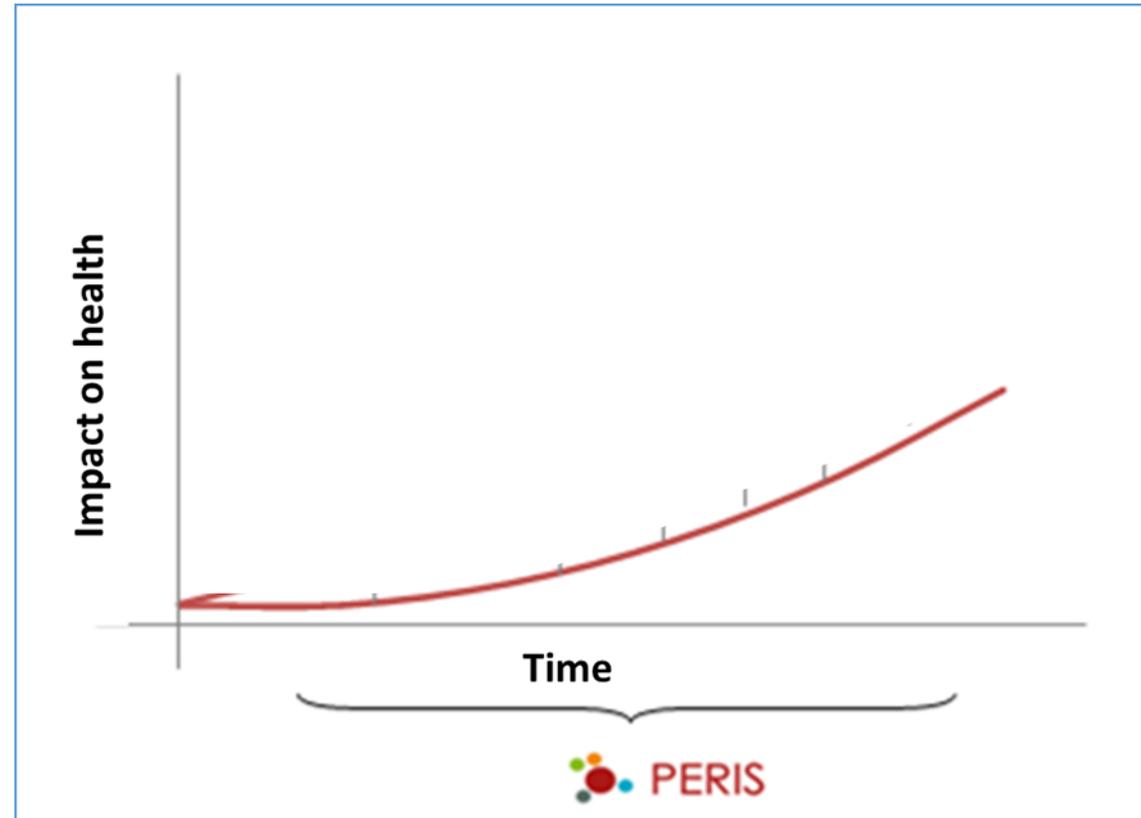
Next steps need to be coordinated with the initiated move



SARIS – Assessment System of Health Research in Catalonia

Health Research Plan (PERIS) 2016-20

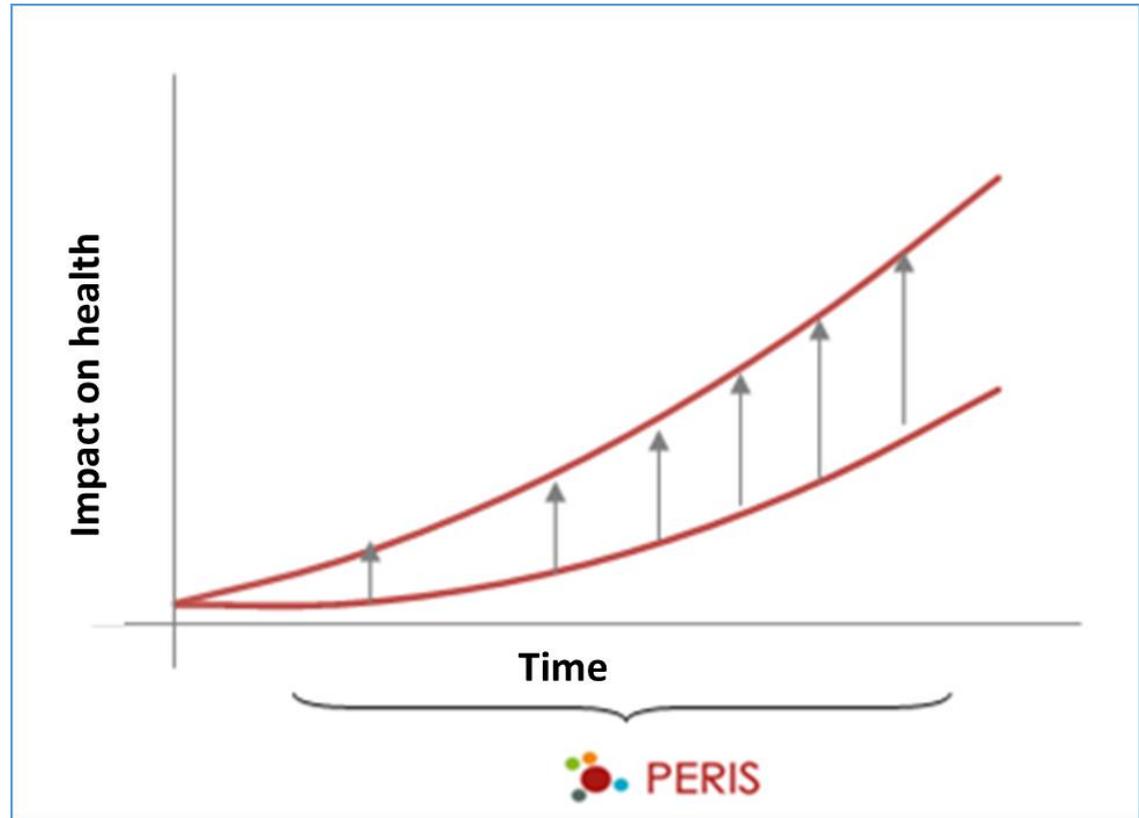
- PERIS is part of the Health Plan: 'research at the core of health policy'
- Funding streams:
 - Research on nursery care
 - Research on primary care
 - Research on mental Health
 - Post-doc scientists
 - Etc



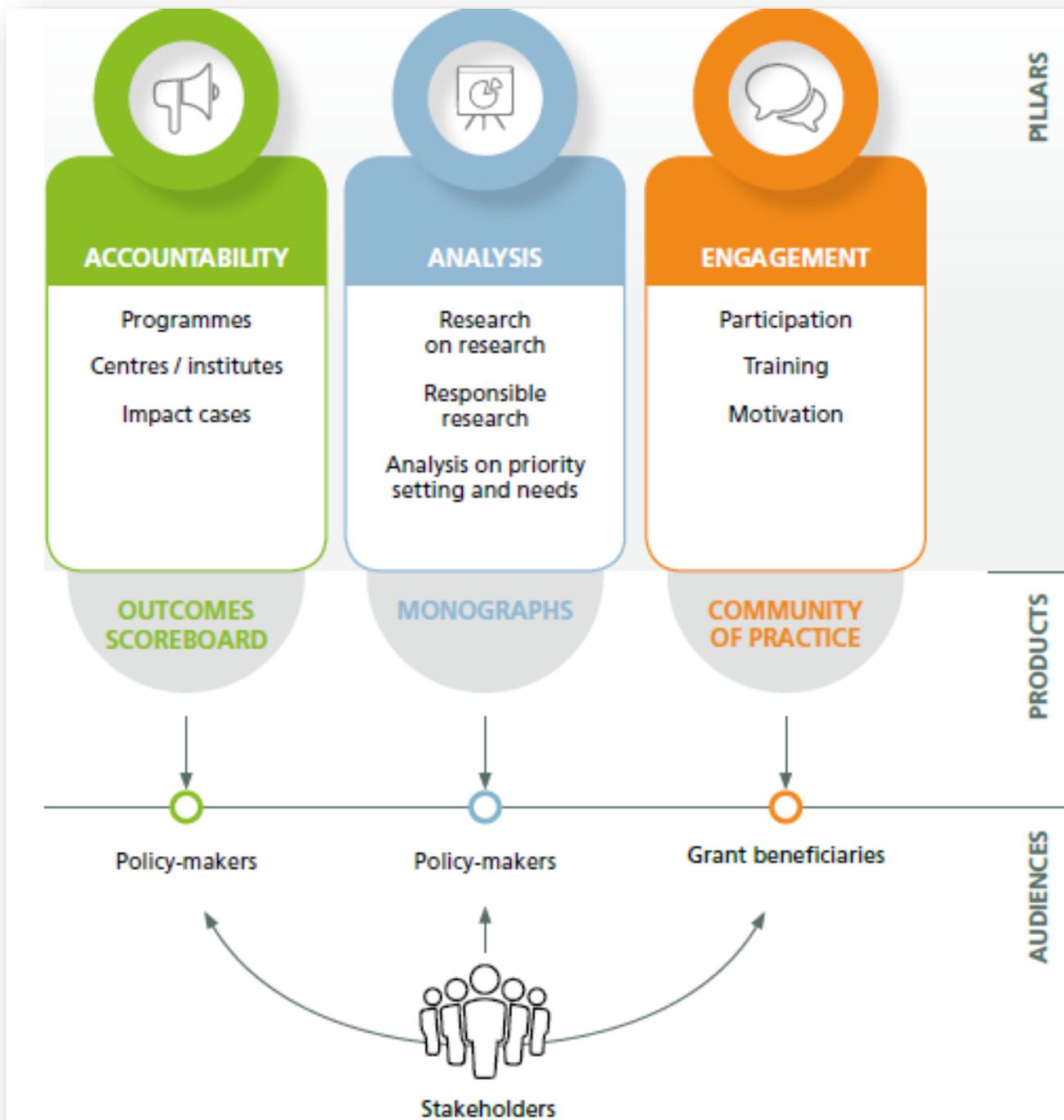
SARIS – Assessment System of Health Sciences in Catalonia

How can SARIS engage in enhancing research impact?

- Retrospective accountability
- Ongoing analysis
- Ongoing engagement with stakeholders and PERIS beneficiaries to promote impact



SARIS – pillars, products and audiences



Examples of how SARIS manages changes through the 3 pillars

- combining both a lagging and leading approach

CHANGES WANTED:

1. Nursery research
2. Primary care research
3. Patients engagement in research
4. Gender leadership in research

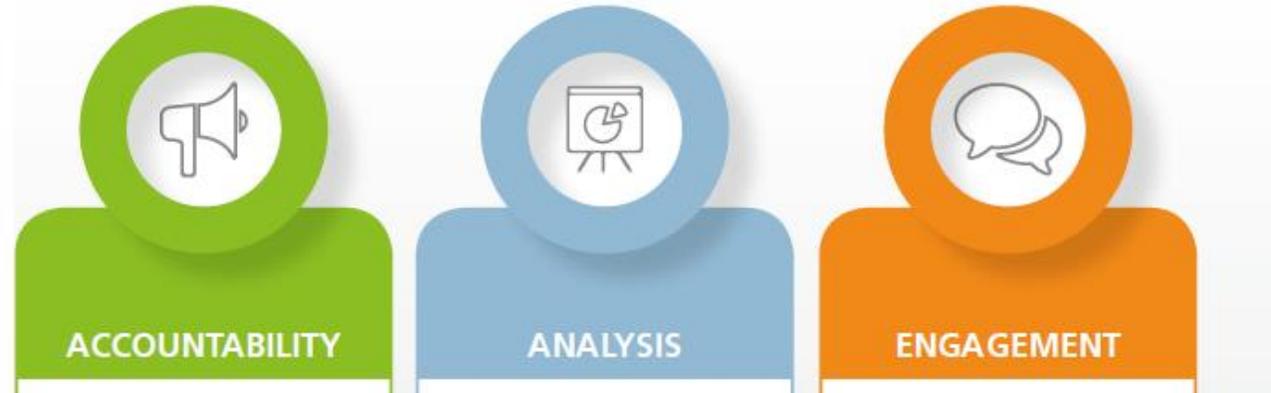
Change 1: nursing research

- We knew what change we wanted
- What SARIS could do?
 - **Advocacy** to promote sustainability of the new funding stream (changes need sustained funding)
 - **Accountability** to demonstrate investment in nursing research was a good thing
 - **Empowerment** of nursing researchers
 - **Capacity Building** (not only on research) on impact for the Health system
 - Stakeholders analysis
 - Communication to stakeholders
 - Impact narratives

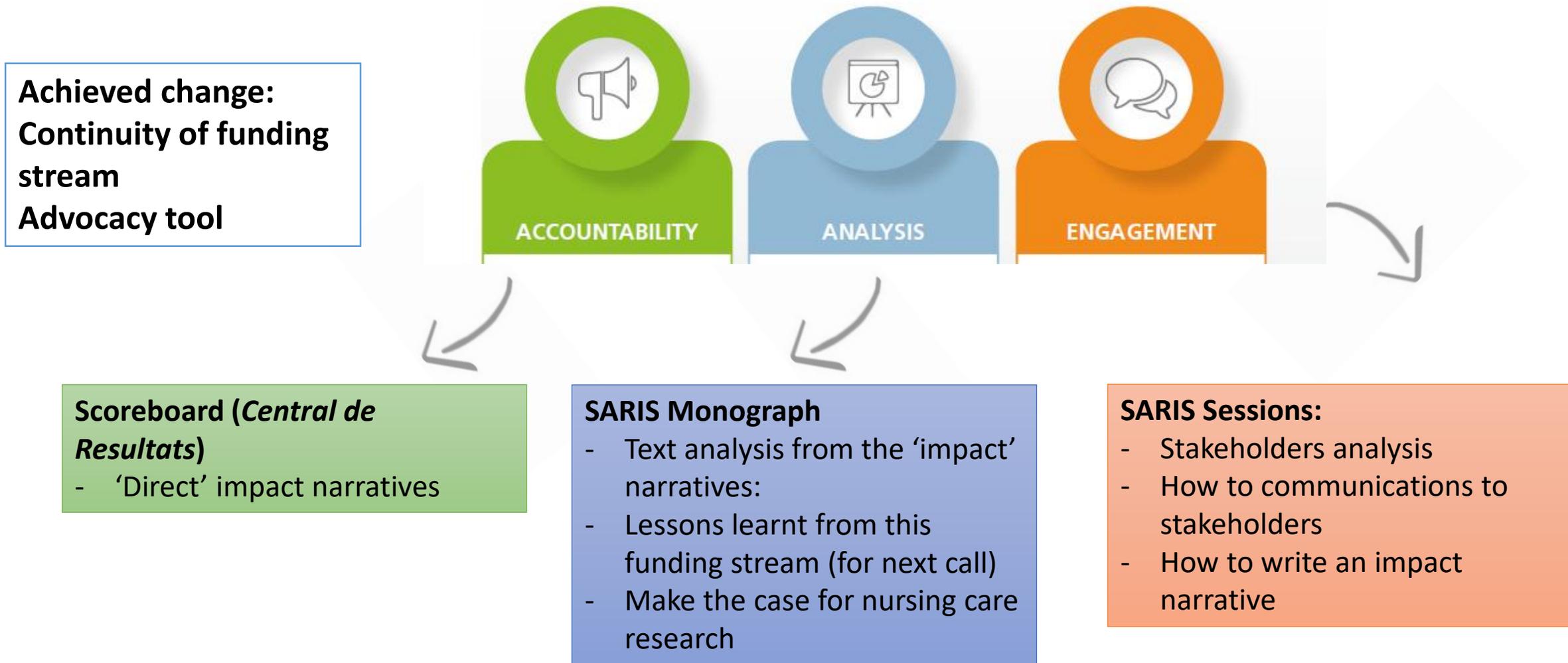
Change 1: nursing research

**We knew the
needed change:**

-> NEED ADVOCACY
AND TRAINING



Change 1: nursing research case

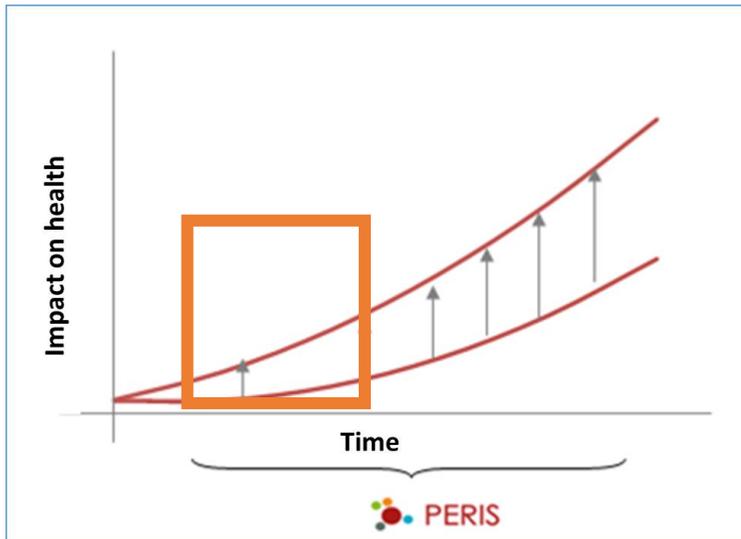


Change 2: Impact of primary care research projects

Context:

Still ongoing
(2nd year)

- We knew what change we wanted
- What SARIS could do?
 - **Empowerment** of nursing researchers
 - **Capacity Building** (not only on research) on impact for the Health system
 - Stakeholders analysis
 - Communication to stakeholders
 - Impact narratives



Change 2: Impact of primary care research projects



SARIS Sessions:

- **Participatory Impact Pathway Approach PIPA**

Change 3: patient engagement in research

- We DID NOT KNOW what change we wanted
- What SARIS could do?
 - Engage stakeholders in
 - Understanding the needs
 - Define actions for AQuAS to take in support of a PPI agenda

Change 3: patient engagement in research

From measuring engagement to engaging in engagement



SARIS Monographs

- Literature review of indicators
- Focus groups to understand current state of the art
- Identify barriers and challenges

Reports in English!

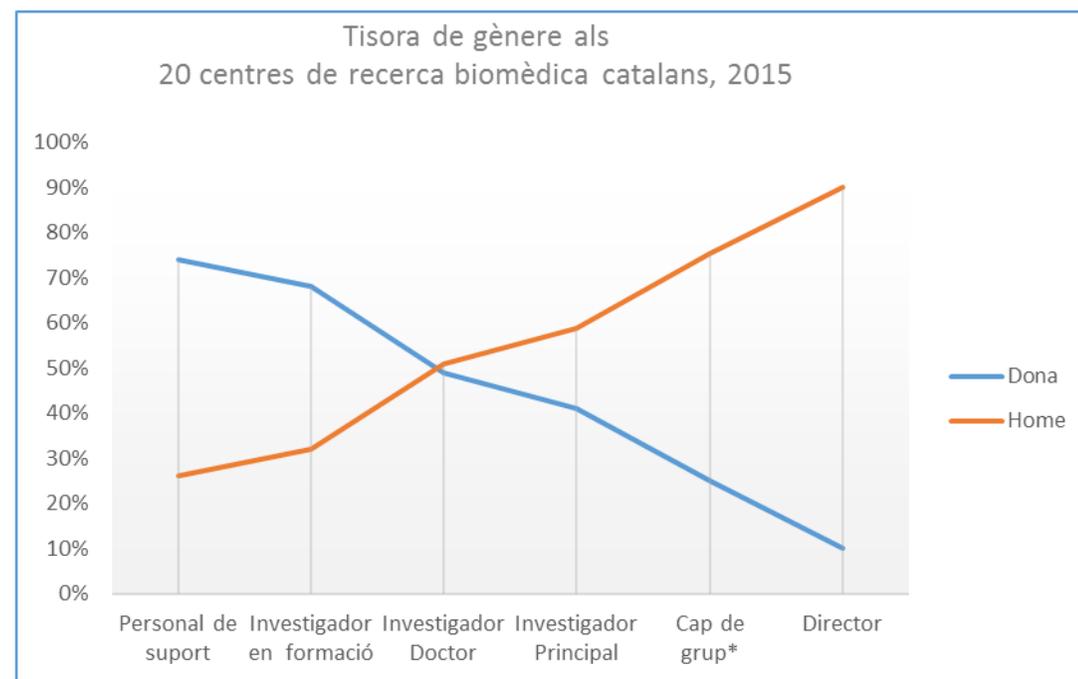
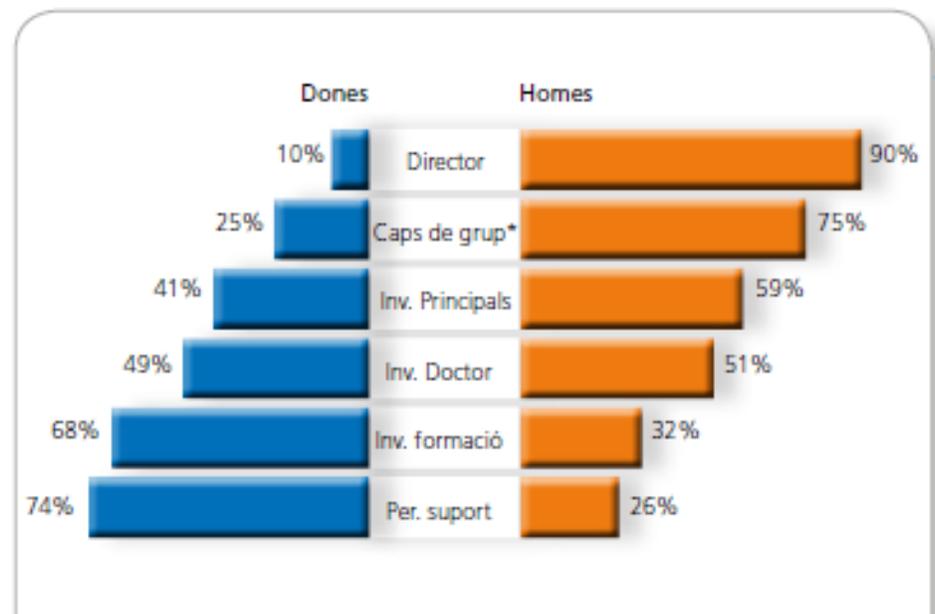
SARIS Sessions:

- Co-design of events in each hospital centre
- Identify best practices
- Recruit champions
- Involve champions in expert panels



Change 4: Female leadership in research

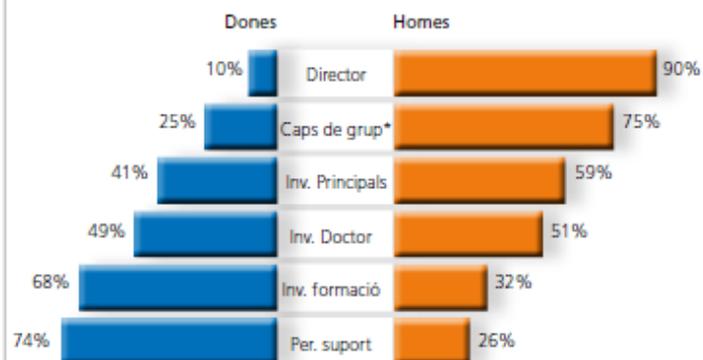
Change: close the gender scissors in science





Theory of change: Female leadership in research

Motivation and context:



Monograph on female leadership

Session with leaders to discuss

- What are we missing?
- What might the System change?
- What might men change?
- What might women change?

Thank you